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- $E_p = Process$ weighted mass emissions of PM, lb/ton;
- C = Concentration of PM, grains per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf);
- Q = Volumetric flow rate of stack gas, dscf/ hr;
- T = Total time during a run that a sample is withdrawn from the stack during charging, hr:
- P = Total amount of dry coal charged during the test run, tons; and
- K = Conversion factor, 7,000 grains per pound (gr/lb).
- (l) The owner or operator of a new nonrecovery coke oven battery shall conduct subsequent performance tests for each charging emissions control device subject to the PM emissions limit in §63.303(d)(2) at least once during each term of their title V operating permit.
- (m) Visible emission observations of a charging emissions control device required by §63.303(d)(3)(iii) must be performed by a certified observer according to Method 9 (40 CFR part 60, appendix A) for one 6-minute period.

[58 FR 57911, Oct. 27, 1993, as amended at 68 FR 37345, June 23, 2003; 70 FR 20013, Apr. 15, 2005]

§63.310 Requirements for startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions.

- (a) At all times including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, the owner or operator shall operate and maintain the coke oven battery and its pollution control equipment required under this subpart, in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions to the levels required by any applicable performance standards under this subpart. Failure to adhere to the requirement of this paragraph shall not constitute a separate violation if a violation of an applicable performance or work practice standard has also occurred.
- (b) Each owner or operator of a coke oven battery shall develop, according to paragraph (c) of this section, a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan that describes procedures for operating the battery, including associated air pollution control equipment, during a period of a startup, shutdown, or malfunction in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions, and

procedures for correcting malfunctioning process and air pollution control equipment as quickly as practicable.

- (c) Malfunctions shall be corrected as soon as practicable after their occurrence.
- (d) In order for the provisions of paragraph (i) of this section to apply with respect to the observation (or set of observations) for a particular day, notification of a startup, shutdown, or a malfunction shall be made by the owner or operator:
- (1) If practicable, to the certified observer if the observer is at the facility during the occurrence; or
- (2) To the enforcement agency, in writing, within 24 hours of the occurrence first being documented by a company employee, and if the notification under paragraph (d)(1) of this section was not made, an explanation of why no such notification was made.
- (e) Within 14 days of the notification made under paragraph (d) of this section, or after a startup or shutdown, the owner or operator shall submit a written report to the applicable permitting authority that:
- (1) Describes the time and circumstances of the startup, shutdown, or malfunction; and
- (2) Describes actions taken that might be considered inconsistent with the startup, shutdown, or malfunction plan.
- (f) The owner or operator shall maintain a record of internal reports which form the basis of each malfunction notification under paragraph (d) of this section.
- (g) To satisfy the requirements of this section to develop a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, the owner or operator may use the standard operating procedures manual for the battery, provided the manual meets all the requirements for this section and is made available for inspection at reasonable times when requested by the Administrator.
- (h) The Administrator may require reasonable revisions to a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, if the Administrator finds that the plan:
- (1) Does not address a startup, shutdown, or malfunction event that has occurred:

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- (2) Fails to provide for the operation of the source (including associated air pollution control equipment) during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction event in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions; or
- (3) Does not provide adequate procedures for correcting malfunctioning process and/or air pollution control equipment as quickly as practicable.
- (i) If the owner or operator demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Administrator that a startup, shutdown, or malfunction has occurred, then an observation occurring during such startup, shutdown, or malfunction shall not:
- (1) Constitute a violation of relevant requirements of this subpart;
- (2) Be used in any compliance determination under §63.309; or
- (3) Be considered for purposes of §63.306, until the Administrator has resolved the claim that a startup, shutdown, or malfunction has occurred. If the Administrator determines that a startup, shutdown, or malfunction has not occurred, such observations may be used for purposes of §63.306, regardless of whether the owner or operator further contests such determination. The owner's or operator's receipt of written notification from the Administrator that a startup, shutdown, or malfunction has not occurred will serve, where applicable under §63.306, as written notification from the certified observer that an exceedance has occurred.
- (j) The owner or operator of a non-recovery coke oven battery subject to the work practice standards for door leaks in §63.303(c) shall include the information specified in paragraphs (j)(1) and (2) of this section in the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan.
- (1) Identification of potential malfunctions that will cause a door to leak, preventative maintenance procedures to minimize their occurrence, and corrective action procedures to stop the door leak.
- (2) Identification of potential malfunctions that affect charging emissions, preventative maintenance proce-

dures to minimize their occurrence, and corrective action procedures.

[58 FR 57911, Oct. 27, 1993, as amended at 70 FR 20014, Apr. 15, 2005; 71 FR 20456, Apr. 20, 2006]

§63.311 Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

- (a) After the effective date of an approved permit in a State under part 70 of this chapter, the owner or operator shall submit all notifications and reports required by this subpart to the State permitting authority. Use of information provided by the certified observer shall be a sufficient basis for notifications required under §70.5(c)(9) of this chapter and the reasonable inquiry requirement of §70.5(d) of this chapter.
- (b) Initial compliance certification. The owner or operator of an existing or new coke oven battery shall provide a written statement(s) to certify compliance to the Administrator within 45 days of the applicable compliance date for the emission limitations or requirements in this subpart. The owner or operator shall include the following information in the initial compliance certification:
- (1) Statement signed by the owner or operator, certifying that a bypass/bleeder stack flare system or an approved alternative control device or system has been installed as required in §63.307.
- (2) Statement, signed by the owner or operator, certifying that a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan has been prepared as required in \$63.310.
- (3) Statement, signed by the owner or operator, certifying that all work practice standards for charging operations have been met as required in §63.303(b)(3).
- (4) Statement, signed by the owner or operator, certifying that all work practice standards for door leaks have been met as required in §63.303(c).
- (5) Statement, signed by the owner or operator, certifying that the information on potential malfunctions has been added to the startup, shutdown and malfunction plan as required in §63.310(j).
- (6) Statement, signed by the owner or operator, that all applicable emission limitations in §63.303(d)(1) and (2) for a new nonrecovery coke oven battery